WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

| 1 | X | A method of managing dialogue in an interactive voice response | |
|-----|--|---|--|
| 2 | system (IVR) comprising the steps of: | | |
| 3 | receiving a voice signal from a caller to the IVR; | | |
| 4 | | converting the voice signal to text; | |
| 5 | | estimating a caller type based on the number of words of a particular | |
| 6 . | type within the | e text; and | |
| 7 | | using the caller type to make a dialogue decision. | |
| | | | |
| 1 | 2. | The method as in claim 1, wherein the caller type is an indication of | |
| 2 | the competence level of the caller. | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | 3. | The method as in claim 1, wherein the caller type is based on a word | |
| 2 | ratio. | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | 4. | The method as in claim 1, further comprising the steps of: | |
| 2 | | locating a word type flag in a dictionary for each word in the text; | |
| 3 | | incrementing a word type counter depending on the flag; and | |
| 4 | | estimating the caller type using the word type counter. | |

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| 1 | 5. | The method as in claim 4, further comprising the steps of: | |
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| 2 | | identifying more than one word type from the word type flag; and | |
| 3 | | incrementing more than one word type counter. | |

- 1 6. The method as in claim 5, further comprising the step of identifying from each 2 bit of the word type flag whether a word is a certain type, each bit of the word type 3 flag being associated with one word type.
 - 7. The method as in claim 1, wherein the using step further comprises the step of making the dialogue decision on which prompt to present next to the caller as a function of the estimated caller type.
 - 8. The method as in claim 7, wherein the dialogue decision whether to use expert or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type is above or below a threshold value.
- 9. The method as in claim 7, wherein a decision whether to use expert, intermediate, or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type falls below, inside or above a threshold range.
- 1 10. The method as in claim 1, wherein one word type is made up of words relevant to the context of the dialogue.
- The method as in claim 10, wherein another word type is made up of words relevant to the context of a task specific part of the dialogue.

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- 1 12. The method as in claim 10, wherein a number of words per second spoken by
 2 the caller is used together with the context type to give a further approximation as to a
 3 competence of the caller.
 - 13. The method as in claim 12, wherein the context ratio and the number of words per second are weighted and combined to give an overall factor having a threshold value or range to decide the competence of the caller.

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| 1 | M. | A system for managing dialogue in an interactive voice response system (IVR) | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| 2 | comprising: | | |
| 3 | | the IVR receiving a voice signal from a caller; | |
| 4 | | an automatic speech recognition system (ASR) converting the voice signal to | |
| 5 | text; | | |
| 6 | | a lexical analyzer estimating a caller type based on the number of words of a | |
| 7 | partic | articular type within the text; and | |
| 8 | | a prompt generator using the caller type to make a dialogue decision. | |
| 1 | 15. | The system as in claim 14, wherein the caller type is an indication of the | |
| 2 | compe | etence level of the caller. | |
| 1 | 16. | The system as in claim 14, wherein the caller type is based on a word ratio. | |
| 1 | 17. | The system as in claim 14, further comprising: | |
| 2 | | a search engine locating a word type flag in a dictionary for each word in the | |
| 3 | text; | | |
| 4 | | account engine incrementing a word type counter depending on the flag; and | |
| 5 | | the lexical analyzer estimating the caller type using the word type counter. | |
| 1 | 18. | The system as in claim 17, further comprising: | |
| 2 | | the search engine identifying more than one word type from the word type | |
| 3 | flag; and | | |
| 4 | | the count engine incrementing more than one word type counter. | |

- 1 19. The system as in claim 18, further comprising the search engine identifying from each bit of the word type flag whether a word is a certain type, each bit of the word type flag being associated with one word type.
- The system as in claim 14, wherein the prompt generator makes the dialogue decision on which prompt to present next to the caller as a function of the estimated caller type.
- The system as in claim 20, wherein the dialogue decision whether to use expert or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type is above or below a threshold value.
- The system as in claim 20, wherein a decision whether to use expert, intermediate, or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type falls below, inside or above a threshold range.
- 1 23. The system as in claim 14, wherein one word type is made up of words relevant to the context of the dialogue.
- The system as in claim 23, wherein another word type is made up of words relevant to the context of a task specific part of the dialogue.

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| 1 | 25. The system as in claim 23, wherein a number of words per second spoken by |
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| 2 | the caller is used together with the context type to give a further approximation as to a |
| 3 | competence of the caller. |

26. The system as in claim 25, wherein the context ratio and the number of words per second are weighted and combined to give an overall factor having a threshold value or range to decide the competence of the caller.

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| 1 | Δ. | A computer program product, stored on a computer-readable storage medium, | |
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| 2 | | for executing computer program instructions to carry out the steps of a method | |
| 3 | | of managing dialogue in an interactive voice response system (IVR) | |
| 4 | | comprising the program steps of: | |
| 5 | | in response to receipt of a voice signal from a caller to the IVR, converting the | |
| 6 | voice s | signal to text; | |
| 7 | | estimating a caller type based on the number of words of a particular type | |
| 8 | within | the text; and | |
| 9 | | using the caller type to make a dialogue decision. | |
| 1 | 28. | The computer program product as in claim 27, wherein the caller type is an | |
| 2 | indicat | ion of the competence level of the caller. | |
| 1 | 29. | The computer program product as in claim 27, wherein the caller type is based | |
| 2 | on a w | ord ratio. | |
| 1 | 30. | The computer program product as in claim 27, further comprising the program | |
| 2 | steps of: | | |
| 3 | | locating a word type flag in a dictionary for each word in the text; | |
| | | | |

incrementing a word type counter depending on the flag; and

estimating the caller type using the word type counter.

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| 1 | 31. | The computer program product as in claim 30, further | er comprising the program |
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| 2 | steps of | <u>.</u> | |

- identifying more than one word type from the word type flag; and
 incrementing more than one word type counter.
- The computer program product as in claim 31, further comprising the program step of identifying from each bit of the word type flag whether a word is a certain type, each bit of the word type flag being associated with one word type.
 - 33. The computer program product as in claim 27, wherein the using program step further comprises the program step of making the dialogue decision on which prompt to present next to the caller as a function of the estimated caller type.
 - 34. The computer program product as in claim 33, wherein the dialogue decision whether to use expert or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type is above or below a threshold value.
- The computer program product as in claim 33, wherein a decision whether to use expert, intermediate, or novice prompts is made depending on whether the caller type falls below, inside or above a threshold range.
- 1 36. The computer program product as in claim 27, wherein one word type is made 2 up of words relevant to the context of the dialogue.

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- 1 37. The computer program product as in claim 36, wherein another word type is 2 made up of words relevant to the context of a task specific part of the dialogue.
- The computer program product as in claim 36, wherein a number of words per second spoken by the caller is used together with the context type to give a further approximation as to a competence of the caller.
 - 39. The computer program product as in claim 38, wherein the context ratio and the number of words per second are weighted and combined to give an overall factor having a threshold value or range to decide the competence of the caller.